City of Fayetteville Staff Review Form

2018-0074

Legistar File ID

2/6/2018

	=	Meeting Date - Agenda Item Only for Non-Agenda Item		
Tim Nyander		1/19/2018	Utilities Director / Utilities Department	
Submitted By	Si	ubmitted Date	Division / Depa	artment
	Action	Recommendation:		
City Staff recommends a resolution District (BWD) pertaining to protect		_		
	В	udget Impact:		
N/A		N/A		
Account Number	<u></u> !r	Fund		
N/A		N/A		
Project Number		Drainet Title		
Project Numbe		'	Project Title	
Project Numbe Budgeted Item?	NA	Current Budget	\$	-
•			•	-
•		Current Budget	\$	-
•		Current Budget Funds Obligated	\$ \$	
Budgeted Item?	NA	Current Budget Funds Obligated Current Balance	\$ \$ \$	- - -
Budgeted Item? Does item have a cost?	NA	Current Budget Funds Obligated Current Balance Item Cost	\$ \$ \$	- - - -

Approval Date:

Comments:

Original Contract Number:



CITY COUNCIL MEMO

MEETING OF FEBRUARY 6, 2018

TO:

Mayor and City Council

THRU:

Don Marr, Chief of Staff

FROM:

Tim Nyander, Utilities Director

DATE:

January 19, 2018

SUBJECT:

3rd Agreement with the Beaver Water District Pertaining to Protection of

and Nutrient Reduction in the Beaver Lake Watershed

RECOMMENDATION:

City Staff recommends approval of an agreement between the City of Fayetteville and Beaver Water District (BWD) pertaining to protection of and nutrient reduction in the Beaver Lake Watershed.

BACKGROUND:

Because it is the sole source of drinking water for Northwest Arkansas, the City and BWD recognize that protecting the water quality in Beaver Lake is extremely important. Recognizing that there are both point and nonpoint nutrient sources within the watershed, both parties agree that there are substantial opportunities to protect Beaver Lake through nonpoint source pollution reduction projects. In 2006 and 2012, the City and BWD entered into a 1st and 2nd agreement respectively, whereby both parties committed to actions aimed at achieving a net reduction of the Total Phosphorus load into the Lake. A few of the City's projects are below:

- ✓ Developed streambank protection and Low Impact Development ordinances
- ✓ Maintained annual wastewater discharge phosphorus loadings to below 0. 5 parts per million (ppm)
- ✓ Restored several river and stream banks
- ✓ Executed extensive public education

The City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) discharge permit for the Noland Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF) allows a 1.0 ppm phosphorus discharge into the White River. When the West Side WWTF was constructed and placed into operation, the total number of pounds the City could discharge to the White River almost doubled. BWD objected, requesting the phosphorus limit be reduced to 0.5 ppm, but withdrew their objections when the City entered this shared agreement, as the actions performed would create a much larger reduction of phosphorus into the watershed than would the more restrictive, and much more expensive, NPDES permit limit.

DISCUSSION

The benefits — both financial and environmental — of the work performed relating to the 1st and 2nd agreements are substantial, and City Staff intends to continue these type efforts. The partnership between BWD and the City further increased the benefits; many of these projects were joint efforts. As the City's NPDES discharge permit has just been renewed, BWD also recognizes the benefits, and requested the City enter a similar 3rd agreement. While significant progress has been made, many opportunities remain to reduce the nutrient loading to the White River

Attachments:

3rd Agreement Resolution 248-12 Resolution 59-06

Third Agreement between Beaver Water District and the City of Fayetteville for the Protection of the Beaver Lake Watershed

This Agreement is executed this	day of	, 20	, between the
City of Fayetteville, Arkansas, an	d Beaver Water District.	The parties agree	as follows:

Beaver Lake is the sole source of drinking water for most of Northwest Arkansas. The City of Fayetteville (the "City") and Beaver Water District (BWD) recognize that protection of this water supply is of extreme importance. The City has for many years taken a proactive role in minimizing the discharge of pollutants, especially phosphorus, into both the Beaver Lake and the Illinois River watersheds. BWD also has implemented a proactive source water protection program that emphasizes reducing the load of nutrients, including phosphorus, and sediments going into Beaver Lake.

In 2006, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) proposed to issue a renewal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit for the City's Paul R. Noland Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Noland WWTP") that would allow almost a doubling over time of the discharge of treated effluent into the White River, from 6.0 million gallons per day (mgd) to 11.2 mgd. The Noland WWTP discharges into the White River approximately six miles upstream of Beaver Lake. Concurrently, ADEQ proposed a reduction in the NPDES Permit effluent discharge limitation for Total Phosphorus from 1.0 milligram per liter (mg/l) to 0.5 mg/l on a monthly average basis. That meant that while the volume of treated effluent discharged to the White River could almost double, the pounds of Total Phosphorus discharged would not increase.

The Noland WWTP had a demonstrated record of maintaining the Total Phosphorus concentration in its treated effluent below 0.5 mg/l on a monthly average basis. Operating the WWTP to ensure compliance with a more stringent Total Phosphorus limit in its NPDES Permit, however, would significantly increase the capital and operational costs for marginal reduction. The City and BWD both recognized that significant amounts of phosphorus in the Beaver Lake watershed come from nonpoint sources, and that a more cost-effective approach to reducing nutrient loading to the Beaver Lake watershed might be to reduce nonpoint source, rather than point source, pollution.

The City and BWD entered into an agreement for the protection of the Beaver Lake watershed in March 2006 (hereinafter referred to as the "First Agreement"). The First Agreement set forth a series of actions that would allow the Noland WWTP to keep a 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus effluent discharge limit in its renewal NPDES Permit in exchange for the City conducting a program to reduce nonpoint source loadings of phosphorus within the Beaver Lake watershed. In essence, the First Agreement was based on the City's and BWD's commitment to show reductions of phosphorus from nonpoint sources sufficient to offset the increased phosphorus loading from the Noland WWTP that would be allowed if the renewal permit provided for a discharge flow increase and kept the 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus limit.

In express recognition of the First Agreement, ADEQ issued the renewal NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP, effective June 1, 2006, with a Total Phosphorus limit of 1.0 mg/l. In order to retain the monthly average Total Phosphorus limit of 1.0 mg/l in the City's subsequent renewal permit, the City and BWD entered into a second agreement for the protection of the Beaver Lake watershed on December 18, 2012 (hereinafter referred to as the "Second Agreement"). Thereafter, ADEQ issued the renewal NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP, with an effective date of March 1, 2013. Both the First and Second Agreements provided, among other things, that the City would implement nonpoint source reduction projects and would operate the Noland WWTP to achieve an effluent discharge of Total Phosphorus that is at or below 0.5 mg/l on an annual average basis and that is no more than an average daily load of 46.7 pounds (lbs.) from July 1 to October 1 of each year.

On or about November 30, 2017, ADEQ revoked and reissued the NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP with an effective date of January 1, 2018 (hereinafter referred to as the "2018 Permit"). The City and BWD believe that the actions taken under the First and Second Agreements have been productive and that such actions should continue to warrant the retention of the 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus limit in order to produce better environmental benefits to Beaver Lake. Therefore, the following actions and commitments have been agreed to by the City and BWD:

- 1. The City will maintain the operation of the Noland WWTP to achieve an effluent discharge of Total Phosphorus (TP) that is at or below 0.5 mg/l on an annual average basis.
- 2. The annual load of TP discharged to the White River will be no more than 9.49 tons.
- 3. The total load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 2.85 tons.
- 4. The average daily load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 46.7 lbs.
- 5. The maximum daily load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 93.4 lbs.
- 6. The City will report monthly to BWD the discharged loads and concentrations of TP from the Noland WWTP.
- 7. The City will continue to review City codes and ordinances for opportunities to improve nonpoint source controls.
- 8. The City will continue to evaluate the creation of a stormwater management utility.

- 9. The City will continue to implement nonpoint source reduction projects (such as stream bank restorations, rain garden construction, and educational programs). This will include the Lake Sequoyah sediment dredging project, which upon completion will increase storage capacity in Lake Sequoyah and decrease sediment and phosphorus loadings to the Beaver Lake watershed.
- 10. BWD will continue to implement its source water protection program (which includes watershed and in-lake monitoring and modeling, public outreach and education, and support for land conservation). This will include BWD's participation in and support of the Watershed Conservation Resource Center's West Fork White River Watershed Initiative. This project will reduce sediment and phosphorus loadings to the Beaver Lake watershed by restoring unstable streambanks, riparian areas, and associated wetlands. Also included will be BWD's participation in and support of a University of Arkansas Cooperative Extension Service program to train builders and developers on best practices to reduce sediment runoff from construction sites.
- 11. BWD will continue to work with other entities within the Beaver Lake watershed to implement the Beaver Watershed Alliance's (BWA's) current Beaver Lake Watershed Protection Strategy. This will include support of BWA's Pond Demonstration Research Project and its Pasture Renovation Program, which seek to reduce sediment and nutrient transport from farms into the Beaver Lake watershed.
- 12. Both BWD and the City will seek outside sources of funding to leverage their respective expenditures on source water protection and nonpoint source reduction projects.
- 13. The City and BWD will meet quarterly to coordinate and share plans for future efforts and review progress made by both parties in achieving the goals of this Third Agreement.

Both BWD and the City recognize that at certain times extreme environmental conditions may make it impossible to meet some or all of the above actions and commitments.

This Third Agreement shall be in effect upon signature by both the City and BWD and shall remain in effect during the term of the 2018 Permit.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE,	BEAVER WATER			
ARKANSAS	DISTRICT			
	Date	Date		
Lioneld Jordan Mayor	Brill Watkins President Board of Directors	1/22/18		
Sondra Smith City Clerk	Woody Bassett Secretary Board of Directors	1/22/18		

RESOLUTION NO. 248-12

A RESOLUTION APPROVING AN AGREEMENT WITH BEAVER WATER DISTRICT RELATED TO PROTECTION OF AND NUTRIENT REDUCTION IN THE BEAVER LAKE WATERSHED

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, ARKANSAS:

<u>Section 1.</u> That the City Council of the City of Fayetteville, Arkansas hereby approves an agreement with Beaver Water District related to protection of and nutrient reduction in the Beaver Lake Watershed. A copy of the agreement is attached to this Resolution as Exhibit "A", and incorporated herein.

PASSED and **APPROVED** this 18th day of December, 2012.

APPROVED:

ATTEST:

LIONELD JORDAN. Mayor

Bv:

SONDRA E. SMITH, City Clerk/Treasurer

Second Agreement between Beaver Water District and the City of Fayetteville for the Protection of the Beaver Lake Watershed

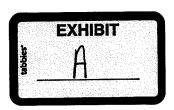
This Agreement is executed this 18th day of Decliber, 2012, between the City of Fayetteville, Arkansas, and Beaver Water District. The parties agree as follows:

Beaver Lake is the sole source of drinking water for most of Northwest Arkansas. The City of Fayetteville (the "City") and Beaver Water District (BWD) recognize that protection of this water supply is of extreme importance. The City has for many years taken a proactive role in minimizing the discharge of pollutants, especially phosphorus, into both the Beaver Lake and the Illinois River watersheds. BWD also has implemented a proactive source water protection program that emphasizes reducing the load of nutrients, including phosphorus, and sediments going into Beaver Lake.

In 2006, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) proposed to issue a renewal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit for the City's Paul R. Noland Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Noland WWTP") that would allow almost a doubling over time of the discharge of treated effluent into the White River approximately six miles upstream of Beaver Lake. Concurrently, ADEQ proposed a reduction in the NPDES Permit effluent discharge limitation for Total Phosphorus from 1.0 milligram per liter (mg/l) to 0.5 mg/l on a monthly average basis. That meant that while the volume of treated effluent discharged to the White River could almost double, the pounds of Total Phosphorus discharged would not increase.

The Noland WWTP had a demonstrated record of maintaining the Total Phosphorus concentration in its treated effluent below 0.5 mg/l. Operating the WWTP to ensure compliance with a more stringent Total Phosphorus limit in its NPDES Permit, however, would increase the operational costs. The City and BWD both recognized that significant amounts of phosphorus in the Beaver Lake watershed come from nonpoint sources, and that a more cost-effective approach to reducing nutrient loading to the Beaver Lake watershed might be to reduce nonpoint source, rather than point source, pollution.

The City and BWD entered into an agreement for the protection of the Beaver Lake watershed in March 2006 (hereinafter referred to as the "First Agreement"). The First Agreement set forth a series of actions that would allow the Noland WWTP to keep a 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus effluent discharge limit in its renewal NPDES Permit in exchange for the City conducting a program to reduce nonpoint source loadings of phosphorus within the Beaver Lake watershed. In essence, the First Agreement was based on the City's and BWD's commitment to show reductions of phosphorus from nonpoint sources sufficient to offset the increased phosphorus loading from the Noland WWTP that would be allowed if the renewal permit provided for a discharge flow increase and kept the 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus limit. In express recognition of the First Agreement, ADEQ issued the renewal NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP, effective June 1, 2006 (hereinafter referred to as the "2006 Permit"), with a Total Phosphorus limit of 1.0 mg/l.



ADEQ currently is in the process of again renewing the NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP. The City and BWD believe that the actions taken under the First Agreement have been productive and that, if continued as follows, they warrant the retention of the 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus limit in the next renewal NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP. Therefore, the following actions and commitments have been agreed to by the City and BWD:

- 1. The City will maintain the operation of the Noland WWTP to achieve an effluent discharge of Total Phosphorus (TP) that is at or below 0.5 mg/l on an annual average basis.
- 2. The annual load of TP discharged to the White River will be no more than 9.49 tons.
- 3. The total load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 2.85 tons.
- 4. The average daily load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 46.7 pounds (lbs).
- 5. The maximum daily load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 93.4 lbs. (1.0 mg/l TP x 11.2 million gallons per day x 8.34 lbs per gallon).
- 6. The City will report monthly to BWD the discharged loads and concentrations of TP from the Noland WWTP.
- 7. The City will continue to review City codes and ordinances for opportunities to improve nonpoint source controls.
- 8. The City will continue to evaluate the creation of a stormwater management utility.
- 9. The City will continue to implement nonpoint source reduction projects (such as stream bank restorations, rain garden construction, and educational programs) at levels consistent with the City's 2013 2017 Capital Improvement Plan.
- 10. BWD will continue to implement its source water protection program (which includes watershed and in-lake monitoring and modeling, public outreach and education, and support for land conservation) at levels consistent with BWD's annual budget as approved by its Board of Directors.
- 11. BWD will continue to work with other entities within the Beaver Lake watershed to implement the Beaver Watershed Alliance's May 2012 Revised Beaver Lake Watershed Protection Strategy.

- 12. Both BWD and the City will seek outside sources of funding to leverage their respective expenditures on source water protection and nonpoint source reduction projects.
- 13. The City and BWD will meet quarterly to coordinate and share plans for future efforts and review progress made by both parties in achieving the goals of this Second Agreement.

Both BWD and the City recognize that at certain times extreme environmental conditions may make it impossible to meet some or all of the above actions and commitments.

This Second Agreement shall be in effect upon signature by both the City and BWD and shall remain in effect during the term of the renewal NPDES Permit that replaces the 2006 Permit.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, ARKANSAS BEAVER WATER
DISTRICT

Date

Date

Lioneld Jordan, Mayor

Bill Watkins

President

Board of Directors

Sondra Smith, City Clerk

Woody Bassett

Secretary

Board of Directors

City of Fayetteville Staff Review Form

City Council Agenda Items and Contracts, Leases or Agreements

12/18/2012

City Council Meeting Date Agenda Items Only

David Jurgens	Utilities		Utilities	
Submitted By	Division		Department	
	Action Required	:		
Approval of an agreement between the nutrient reduction in the Beaver Lake V		ver Water District	pertaining to prote	ction of and
\$ -	Cetagon / Project Pur	lect	Program Category /	Project Name
Cost of this request	Category / Project Bud	iget	Program Category /	Project Name
Account Number	Funds Used to Date		Program / Project Category Name Water/Sewer	
	\$			
Project Number	Remaining Balance	•	Fund Nar	me
Budgeted Item	Budget Adjustment Attac	hed		
Department Wrector	30NOV17 Date	Previous Ordinano	e or Resolution#	59-06
		Original Contract [Date:	3/21/2006
My Attorney	//-30-/2 Date	Original Contract N	Number:	N/A
Paul a. Bul	11-30-2012	1.1	70 10 800 10	
Finance and Internal Services Director	Date	Received in City Clerk's Office	30-12P02:12	K C V D
Chief of Staff	/ <u>2-3-/></u> Date		ENTERED	
Trondle Lord.	12/4/12	Received in Mayor's Office	(1/30/12)	
Mayor	Date			
Comments:				



Fayetteville City Council To:

Mayor Lioneld Jordan Thru:

Don Marr, Chief of Staff

David Jurgens, Utilities Director From:

Water/Sewer Committee

November 29, 2012 Date:

Subject: Agreement with the Beaver Water District Pertaining to Protection of and Nutrient Reduction in the

Beaver Lake Watershed

RECOMMENDATION

City Administration recommends approval of an agreement between the City of Fayetteville and Beaver Water District (BWD) pertaining to protection of and nutrient reduction in the Beaver Lake Watershed.

BACKGROUND

Because it is the sole source of drinking water for Northwest Arkansas, the City and BWD recognize that protecting the water quality in Beaver Lake is extremely important. Recognizing that there are both point and nonpoint nutrient sources within the watershed, both parties agree that there are substantial opportunities to protect Beaver Lake through nonpoint source pollution reduction projects. In 2006, the City and BWD entered into an agreement whereby both parties committed to actions aimed at achieving a net reduction of the Total Phosphorus (TP) load into the Lake. A few of the City's projects are below:

- > Hired a consultant to develop a Nutrient Reduction Plan;
- > Developed streambank protection and Low Impact Development ordinances;
- Maintained annual wastewater discharge phosphorus loadings to below 0.5 parts per million (ppm);
- Restored several river and stream banks; and
- > Executed extensive public education.

The City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) discharge permit for the Noland Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF) allows a 1.0 ppm TP discharge into the White River. When we added the West Side WWTF, the total number of pounds we could discharge to the White River almost doubled, because our total allowable discharge volume increased from 12.6 million gallons per day (mgd) to 21.2 mgd. BWD objected, requesting the TP limit be reduced to 0.5 ppm, but withdrew their objections when we entered this shared agreement, as the actions performed would create a much larger reduction of TP into the watershed than would the more restrictive, and much more expensive, NPDES permit limit.

DISCUSSION

The benefits – both financial and environmental – of the work performed relating to the first agreement are substantial, and City Administration intends to continue these type efforts. The partnership between BWD and the City further increased the benefits; many of these projects were joint efforts. As the City's NPDES discharge permit is now being renewed, BWD also recognized the benefits, and requested the City enter a similar second agreement. While significant progress has been made, many opportunities remain to reduce the nutrient loading to the White River. This agreement is less restrictive than the 2006 agreement, but continues nonpoint source water quality improvements as well as restricting the annual wastewater discharge phosphorus loadings to below 0.5 ppm.

BUDGET IMPACT

None. In this agreement, the City commits only to use funds as identified within the 2013 – 2017 Capital Improvements Program.

A RESOLUTION APPROVING AN AGREEMENT WITH BEAVER WATER DISTRICT RELATED TO PROTECTION OF AND NUTRIENT REDUCTION IN THE BEAVER LAKE WATERSHED

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, ARKANSAS:

Section 1. That the City Council of the City of Fayetteville, Arkansas hereby approves an agreement with Beaver Water District related to protection of and nutrient reduction in the Beaver Lake Watershed. A copy of the agreement is attached to this Resolution as Exhibit "A", and incorporated herein.

PASSED and **APPROVED** this 18th day of December, 2012.

APPROVED:	ATTEST:	
By:	By:	
LIONELD JORDAN Mayor	SONDRA E. SMITH City Clerk/Treasu	rer

This was submitted without signature. The signed agreement is at the gront of the packet.

Second Agreement between Beaver Water District and the City of Fayetteville for the Protection of the Beaver Lake Watershed

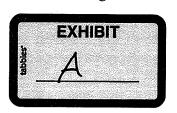
This Agreement is executed this 18th day of December, 2018, between the City of Fayetteville, Arkansas, and Beaver Water District. The parties agree as follows:

Beaver Lake is the sole source of drinking water for most of Northwest Arkansas. The City of Fayetteville (the "City") and Beaver Water District (BWD) recognize that protection of this water supply is of extreme importance. The City has for many years taken a proactive role in minimizing the discharge of pollutants, especially phosphorus, into both the Beaver Lake and the Illinois River watersheds. BWD also has implemented a proactive source water protection program that emphasizes reducing the load of nutrients, including phosphorus, and sediments going into Beaver Lake.

In 2006, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) proposed to issue a renewal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit for the City's Paul R. Noland Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Noland WWTP") that would allow almost a doubling over time of the discharge of treated effluent into the White River approximately six miles upstream of Beaver Lake. Concurrently, ADEQ proposed a reduction in the NPDES Permit effluent discharge limitation for Total Phosphorus from 1.0 milligram per liter (mg/l) to 0.5 mg/l on a monthly average basis. That meant that while the volume of treated effluent discharged to the White River could almost double, the pounds of Total Phosphorus discharged would not increase.

The Noland WWTP had a demonstrated record of maintaining the Total Phosphorus concentration in its treated effluent below 0.5 mg/l. Operating the WWTP to ensure compliance with a more stringent Total Phosphorus limit in its NPDES Permit, however, would increase the operational costs. The City and BWD both recognized that significant amounts of phosphorus in the Beaver Lake watershed come from nonpoint sources, and that a more cost-effective approach to reducing nutrient loading to the Beaver Lake watershed might be to reduce nonpoint source, rather than point source, pollution.

The City and BWD entered into an agreement for the protection of the Beaver Lake watershed in March 2006 (hereinafter referred to as the "First Agreement"). The First Agreement set forth a series of actions that would allow the Noland WWTP to keep a 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus effluent discharge limit in its renewal NPDES Permit in exchange for the City conducting a program to reduce nonpoint source loadings of phosphorus within the Beaver Lake watershed. In essence, the First Agreement was based on the City's and BWD's commitment to show reductions of phosphorus from nonpoint sources sufficient to offset the increased phosphorus loading from the Noland WWTP that would be allowed if the renewal permit provided for a discharge flow increase and kept the 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus limit. In express recognition of the First Agreement, ADEQ issued the renewal NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP, effective June 1, 2006 (hereinafter referred to as the "2006 Permit"), with a Total Phosphorus limit of 1.0 mg/l.



ADEQ currently is in the process of again renewing the NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP. The City and BWD believe that the actions taken under the First Agreement have been productive and that, if continued as follows, they warrant the retention of the 1.0 mg/l Total Phosphorus limit in the next renewal NPDES Permit for the Noland WWTP. Therefore, the following actions and commitments have been agreed to by the City and BWD:

- 1. The City will maintain the operation of the Noland WWTP to achieve an effluent discharge of Total Phosphorus (TP) that is at or below 0.5 mg/l on an annual average basis.
- 2. The annual load of TP discharged to the White River will be no more than 9.49 tons.
- 3. The total load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 2.85 tons.
- 4. The average daily load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 46.7 pounds (lbs).
- 5. The maximum daily load of TP discharged to the White River from July 1 to October 31 of each year will be no more than 93.4 lbs. (1.0 mg/l TP x 11.2 million gallons per day x 8.34 lbs per gallon).
- 6. The City will report monthly to BWD the discharged loads and concentrations of TP from the Noland WWTP.
- 7. The City will continue to review City codes and ordinances for opportunities to improve nonpoint source controls.
- 8. The City will continue to evaluate the creation of a stormwater management utility.
- 9. The City will continue to implement nonpoint source reduction projects (such as stream bank restorations, rain garden construction, and educational programs) at levels consistent with the City's 2013 2017 Capital Improvement Plan.
- 10. BWD will continue to implement its source water protection program (which includes watershed and in-lake monitoring and modeling, public outreach and education, and support for land conservation) at levels consistent with BWD's annual budget as approved by its Board of Directors.
- 11. BWD will continue to work with other entities within the Beaver Lake watershed to implement the Beaver Watershed Alliance's May 2012 Revised Beaver Lake Watershed Protection Strategy.

- 12. Both BWD and the City will seek outside sources of funding to leverage their respective expenditures on source water protection and nonpoint source reduction projects.
- 13. The City and BWD will meet quarterly to coordinate and share plans for future efforts and review progress made by both parties in achieving the goals of this Second Agreement.

Both BWD and the City recognize that at certain times extreme environmental conditions may make it impossible to meet some or all of the above actions and commitments.

This Second Agreement shall be in effect upon signature by both the City and BWD and shall remain in effect during the term of the renewal NPDES Permit that replaces the 2006 Permit.

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, ARKANSAS		BEAVER WATER DISTRICT	
	Date		Date
Lioneld Jordan, Mayor			
Lioneid Jordan, Mayor			
		President	
		Board of Directors	
			*
Sondra Smith, City Clerk			
•		Secretary Board of Directors	

RESOLUTION NO. <u>59-06</u>

A RESOLUTION APPROVING AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE AND THE BEAVER WATER DISTRICT FOR PROTECTION OF THE BEAVER LAKE WATERSHED.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF **FAYETTEVILLE, ARKANSAS:**

Section 1. That the City Council of the City of Fayetteville, Arkansas hereby approves an Agreement between the City of Fayetteville and the Beaver Water District for protection of the Beaver Lake watershed. A copy of the Agreement, marked Exhibit "A," is attached hereto and made a part hereof.

PASSED and APPROVED this 21st day of March, 2006.

APPROVED:

ATTEST:

DAN COODY, Mayor

SONDRA SMITH, City Clerk



FAYETTEVILL

Agreement between Beaver Water District and the City of Fayetteville for the Protection of the Beaver Lake Watershed

The City of Fayetteville (the City), and Beaver Water District (BWD) both recognize that protection of the region's water supply is of extreme importance to Northwest Arkansas. The purpose of this agreement is to achieve a net reduction of the load of Total Phosphorus (TP) into Beaver Lake. The City has for several years taken a proactive role in minimizing discharge of pollutants, especially phosphorus, into both the White and the Illinois Rivers. Because it is the sole source of drinking water for all of Northwest Arkansas, the City recognizes that the quality of water in this resource must be protected. Also recognizing the need to protect the source water for the region, BWD has implemented a proactive source water protection program emphasizing reduction of the load of nutrients and sediments into the Lake. Recognizing that there are both point sources and nonpoint sources within the watershed both parties agree that there are substantial opportunities to protect Beaver Lake through nonpoint source pollution reduction projects.

The City of Fayetteville has proposed modifications to the Noland Wastewater Treatment Plant. These modifications will result in a doubling over time of the discharge of treated effluent into the White River, a tributary of Beaver Lake. Because of concerns over increases in nutrient loading into Beaver Lake the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality has proposed a discharge limit for total phosphorus on the City's NPDES Permit of 0.5 mg/l, a reduction from the City's current limit of 1 mg/l. Recognizing that the City has a track record of maintaining the concentration of treated effluent below 0.5 mg/l and that the more stringent limit of 0.5 mg/l would cause significant additional costs to the city, BWD and the City have proposed a series of actions that will allow the City to maintain its current NPDES discharge limit of 1 mg/l TP in exchange for the City conducting a program to reduce nonpoint source loadings of TP within the watershed. In essence, the agreement is based on the City's and BWD's commitment to show reductions of TP from nonpoint sources sufficient to offset the increased loading from the treatment plant allowed by the more liberal NPDES limit.

In order to accomplish the stated objective, the following actions have been agreed to by both parties.

• Both parties have agreed that the hiring of a nationally recognized consultant for the express purpose of preparing a nutrient reduction plan for the city will be the first task to be accomplished within 180 days of the effective date of this agreement. The nutrient reduction plan will evaluate sources of phosphorus within the Beaver Lake watershed and the City of Fayetteville including both point and nonpoint sources. The plan will then identify actions that may be taken to reduce the TP load from nonpoint sources, the potential TP load reductions from those actions, and methods for documenting that the reduction is achieved through modeling or monitoring. Finally, the plan will evaluate the potential of

successfully meeting the stated goal of this agreement on watershed protection through nonpoint source TP management. The consultant contract will be the responsibility of the City. A representative of Beaver Water District will be appointed to serve on the City's selection committee for the consultant.

- The City will optimize operation of the Noland Treatment Plant to achieve effluent discharge at or below 0.5 mg/l TP on an annual average.
- The allowable annual load of TP discharged to the White River should be no more than 9.49 tons.
- The allow load of TP from July 1 October 31 of each year will be no more than 2.85 tons.
- The average daily load of TP from July 1 October 31 will be no more than 46.7 lbs. The maximum daily load of TP from the plant during the July 1 October 31 period will be no more than 93.4 lbs (11.2 MGD*1mg/l*8.34 lbs/gal).
- The City, in concert with its consultant, will review city codes and ordinances for opportunities to improve nonpoint source controls. Examples of revisions that may be possible are requiring dedication of FEMA floodway as riparian buffer easement, encouraging use of riparian areas in fulfillment of greenspace requirements, requiring storm-water treatment facilities, and requiring pervious pavement in critical areas.
- The City will report monthly to BWD the discharged loads of TP from the Noland Treatment Plant.
- The City initially agrees to use \$200,000 per year for implementing nonpoint source reduction projects. This figure will be renegotiated after completion of the consultants report on potential actions and reductions.
- No less than seventy-five percent of the funds expended toward this agreement
 will be new funding or existing funding modified to address nonpoint source TP
 reduction. "In-kind" contributions will not be counted toward the total, unless
 those contributions directly address nonpoint source TP reduction and are above
 and beyond current activities of the City.
- Both parties are encouraged to seek other sources of funding to leverage the expenditures made in implementing this agreement.
- BWD is currently expending in excess of \$200,000 annually in its watershed
 protection program through watershed and in-lake monitoring and modeling,
 public awareness, information/education, land acquisition, and policy
 development. BWD will continue to fund its source water protection program at a
 minimum of the current level for the life of this agreement.
- BWD will formally request the City create a stormwater management utility under existing state law. Said stormwater utility shall put in place a fee-based system that will be used as appropriate to fund projects to reduce nonpoint source pollution within the city.
- BWD will continue to work with other jurisdictions within the Beaver Lake
 watershed with the intent of implementing a watershed wide comprehensive
 source water protection plan. The City and BWD will meet quarterly to review
 progress made by both parties in achieving the goals of this agreement.

Both parties recognize that, at certain times extreme environmental conditions will make it impossible to meet some or all of the agreements stipulated in the agreement.

This agreement shall be in effect for a period of five years from the effective date of the agreement.

While it is not the intent of this document to specify actions that are to be taken in fulfillment of the agreement, the following are examples of projects that may be undertaken:

- Secure developmental control of riparian buffers in the City along the White River and tributaries. Such control may be through conservation easements or fee simple ownership.
- Restoration of degraded stream reaches within the City of Fayetteville area in the White River watershed.
- Protection of native wetlands within the City of Fayetteville located within the White River watershed.
- Upgrade storm-water facilities in existing developments with post development practices including storm-water retrofits and elimination of illicit discharges.
- Require repair of failing septic systems or connection to publicly owned treatment works when legally accessible.

 Sponsoring group specific information/education programs for homeowners, commercial property owners, engineers, contractors, developers, builders, landscape contractors etc. on reduction of nonpoint source pollution with an emphasis on nutrient control.

Dan Goody:

Mayor, City of Fayetteville

Date John Lew

<u> Xewn 3.27.</u>2006

Date

President, Bearer Water District Board

Sondra Smith:

David Short:

Secretary, Beaver Water

District Board

City Clerk, City of Fayetteville

FAYETTEVILLE

RES 3/21/06 59-06 Beaver Waster District

CITY COUNCIL AGENDA MEMO

Fayetteville City Council To:

Thru: Mayor Dan Coody

Fayetteville Sewer Committee

From: David Jurgens, Water and Wastewater Director

Date: March 8, 2006

Subject: Approval of an agreement between the City of Fayetteville and Beaver Water District

pertaining to protection of and nutrient reduction in the Beaver Lake Watershed.

RECOMMENDATION

Fayetteville City Administration recommends approval of an agreement between the City of Fayetteville and Beaver Water District (BWD) pertaining to protection of and nutrient reduction in the Beaver Lake Watershed.

BACKGROUND

Because it is the sole source of drinking water for all of Northwest Arkansas, the City and BWD recognize that protecting the water quality in Beaver Lake is extremely important. The purpose of this agreement is to achieve a net reduction of the load of Total Phosphorus (TP) into the Lake. The City has for several years taken a proactive role in minimizing the discharge of pollutants, especially phosphorus, into both the White and the Illinois Rivers. BWD has implemented a proactive source water protection program emphasizing reducing the nutrient and sediment loads. Recognizing that there are both point and nonpoint sources within the watershed, both parties agree that there are substantial opportunities to protect Beaver Lake through nonpoint source pollution reduction projects.

DISCUSSION

The modifications underway to the City's wastewater system could result, over time, in a doubling of the discharge of treated effluent into the White River. Due to concerns over the potential increases in nutrient loading into Beaver Lake, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality has proposed reducing the City's NPDES Permit discharge limit for TP from 1.0 to 0.5 mg/l. Recognizing the City has a track record of maintaining the concentration of treated effluent below 0.5 mg/l, and that the more stringent limit of 0.5 mg/l would cause significant additional costs to the City while providing minimal benefits to water quality, this agreement proposes a series of actions that will allow the City to maintain its current NPDES discharge limit of 1 mg/l TP in exchange for partnering with BWD to reduce nonpoint sources of TP within the watershed. In essence, the agreement demonstrates the City's and BWD's commitment to show reductions of TP from nonpoint sources sufficient to offset the increased loading from the treatment plant allowed by the more liberal NPDES limit.

BUDGET IMPACT

The agreement commits the City to use \$200,000 per year for implementing nonpoint source reduction projects, 75% of which will be new funding or existing funding modified to address nonpoint source TP reduction. Any expenditures under this agreement will be subject to the City's normal purchasing approval process. The first year's expenditures are recommended to be made under the WSIP budget; following years expenditures shall be included in the stormwater program budget.

RESOLUTION NO.

A RESOLUTION APPROVING AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE AND THE BEAVER WATER DISTRICT FOR PROTECTION OF THE BEAVER LAKE WATERSHED.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, ARKANSAS:

Section 1. That the City Council of the City of Fayetteville, Arkansas hereby approves an Agreement between the City of Fayetteville and the Beaver Water District for protection of the Beaver Lake watershed. Agreement, marked Exhibit "A," is attached hereto and made a part hereof.

PASSED and APPROVED this 21st day of March, 2006.

APPROVED:

By:

DAN. COODY, Mayor

SONDRA SMITH, City Clerk

From:

Clarice Pearman

To:

Jurgens, David

Date:

3.24.06 2:04PM

Subject:

Beaver Water District

David,

I don't have a signed agreement from the Beaver Water District. Please let me know when I might expect

one.

Thanks.

Clarice

don't use peroud

Agreement between Beaver Water District and the City of Fayetteville for the Protection of the Beaver Lake Watershed

The City of Fayetteville (the City), and Beaver Water District (BWD) both recognize that protection of the region's water supply is of extreme importance to Northwest Arkansas. The purpose of this agreement is to achieve a net reduction of the load of Total Phosphorus (TP) into Beaver Lake. The City has for several years taken a proactive role in minimizing discharge of pollutants, especially phosphorus, into both the White and the Illinois Rivers. Because it is the sole source of drinking water for all of Northwest Arkansas, the City recognizes that the quality of water in this resource must be protected. Also recognizing the need to protect the source water for the region, BWD has implemented a proactive source water protection program emphasizing reduction of the load of nutrients and sediments into the Lake. Recognizing that there are both point sources and nonpoint sources within the watershed both parties agree that there are substantial opportunities to protect Beaver Lake through nonpoint source pollution reduction projects.

The City of Fayetteville has proposed modifications to the Noland Wastewater Treatment Plant. These modifications will result in a doubling over time of the discharge of treated effluent into the White River, a tributary of Beaver Lake. Because of concerns over increases in nutrient loading into Beaver Lake the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality has proposed a discharge limit for total phosphorus on the City's NPDES Permit of 0.5 mg/l, a reduction from the City's current limit of 1 mg/l. Recognizing that the City has a track record of maintaining the concentration of treated effluent below 0.5 mg/l and that the more stringent limit of 0.5 mg/l would cause significant additional costs to the city, BWD and the City have proposed a series of actions that will allow the City to maintain its current NPDES discharge limit of 1 mg/l TP in exchange for the City conducting a program to reduce nonpoint source loadings of TP within the watershed. In essence, the agreement is based on the City's and BWD's commitment to show reductions of TP from nonpoint sources sufficient to offset the increased loading from the treatment plant allowed by the more liberal NPDES limit.

In order to accomplish the stated objective, the following actions have been agreed to by both parties.

• Both parties have agreed that the hiring of a nationally recognized consultant for the express purpose of preparing a nutrient reduction plan for the city will be the first task to be accomplished within 180 days of the effective date of this agreement. The nutrient reduction plan will evaluate sources of phosphorus within the Beaver Lake watershed and the City of Fayetteville including both point and nonpoint sources. The plan will then identify actions that may be taken to reduce the TP load from nonpoint sources, the potential TP load reductions from those actions, and methods for documenting that the reduction is achieved through modeling or monitoring. Finally, the plan will evaluate the potential of

successfully meeting the stated goal of this agreement on watershed protection through nonpoint source TP management. The consultant contract will be the responsibility of the City. A representative of Beaver Water District will be appointed to serve on the City's selection committee for the consultant.

- The City will optimize operation of the Noland Treatment Plant to achieve effluent discharge at or below 0.5 mg/l TP on an annual average.
- The allowable annual load of TP discharged to the White River should be no more than 9.13 tons.
- The allow load of TP from July 1 October 31 of each year will be no more than 2.85 tons.
- The average daily load of TP from July 1 October 31 will be no more than 46.7 lbs. The maximum daily load of TP from the plant during the July 1 October 31 period will be no more than 93.4 lbs (11.2 MGD*1mg/l*8.34 lbs/gal).
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- The City initially agrees to use \$200,000 per year for implementing nonpoint source reduction projects. This figure will be renegotiated after completion of the consultants report on potential actions and reductions.
- No less than seventy-five percent of the funds expended toward this agreement will be new funding or existing funding modified to address nonpoint source TP reduction. "In-kind" contributions will not be counted toward the total, unless those contributions directly address nonpoint source TP reduction and are above and beyond current activities of the City.
- Both parties are encouraged to seek other sources of funding to leverage the expenditures made in implementing this agreement.
- BWD is currently expending in excess of \$200,000 annually in its watershed protection program through watershed and in-lake monitoring and modeling, public awareness, information/education, land acquisition, and policy development. BWD will continue to fund its source water protection program at a minimum of the current level for the life of this agreement.
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- Sponsoring group specific information/education programs for homeowners, commercial property owners, engineers, contractors, developers, builders, landscape contractors etc. on reduction of nonpoint source pollution with an emphasis on nutrient control.

Dan Coody:	Date	John Lewis:	Date
Mayor, City of Fayetteville		President, Beaver Water District Board	
Sondra Smith:		David Short:	
City Clerk, City of Fayetteville		Secretary, Beaver Water District Board	

Agreement between Beaver Water District and the City of Fayetteville for the Protection of the Beaver Lake Watershed

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AN PERSONAL

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Dan Coody:

Date

John Jewis:

Date

3/27/06

Mayor, City of Fayetteville

Sondra Smith:

David Short:

Secretary, Beaver Water

District Board

Secretary, Beaver Water

District Board

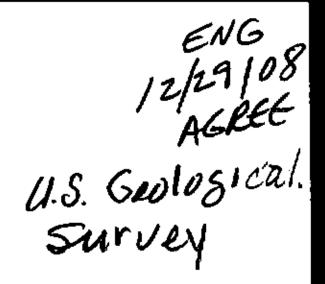
City of Fayetteville Staff Review Form City Council Agenda Items or

Contracts

21-Mar-06
City Council Meeting Date

David Jurgens	Water	/Wastewater	Water/Wastewater
Submitted By	Division		Department
		Action Required:	
Approval of an agreement between the nutrient reduction in the Beaver Lake			ater District pertaining to protection of and
		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
\$200,000.00	\$	105,920,694.00	Wastewater System Imp Project
Cost of this request	·	Category/Project Budget	Program Category / Project Name
4480-9480-5315.00	\$	101,151,046.20	Water and Wastewater
Account Number		Funds Used to Date	Program / Project Category Name
02133-0001	\$	4,769,647.80) Water/Sewer
Project Number	•	Remaining Balance	Fund Name
Budgeted Item XX	Bud	get Adjustment Attached	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Department Director		9 MAR 06	us Ordinance or Resolution #
J. P. Whit		3/10/06 Origina	al Contract Number:
City Attorney Finance and Internal Service Director		Received Date	red in City Clerk's Office ENJERED
Mayor Mayor		Received 3/0/06 Date	red in Mayor's Office ENTERED 3//0/00
Comments:	·		j

City of Fayetteville Staff Review Form City Council Agenda Items or Contracts



N/A Mayors Approval

	City Council Me	eting Date		
Ron Petrie	Enginee	ering	Operations	•
Submitted By			Departmen	t
	Action Pou	auirod:		
A Contract with the U.S. Geological Surainfall-runoff stations located at Town Mud Creek at Township Street in the C	Branch at Business R	\$19,640.00 for the Route 62, Town Bra	nch Tributary at Highway	
\$19,640.00	\$	708,731	Drainage/Phase 2 Stor	mwater Mgmt
Cost of this request	Category / Pro	ject Budget	Program Category / P	roject Name
4470-9470-5817.00	\$	230,820	Bridge and Drainage I	mprovements
Account Number	Funds Used	i to Date	Program / Project Cat	egory Name
02097	\$	477,911	Capital Improvement Con	
Project Number	Remaining	Balance	Fund Nam	е
Budgeted Item XX	Budget Adjustment	Attached		·
1 Constant	2.22.	<u>0</u> 0	dinance or Resolution #	59-06
Department Director	Date	Original Con	itract Date:	N/A
D111/	12/22	Original Cor	ntract Number:	N/A
City Attorney			/	<u></u>
	•	Received in	City Clerk's Office	, 0
Paul a Bul	1 2-23-08	<u>ld-a</u>	308 (Jan) -	
Finance and Internal Service Director	Date	Received in	Mayor's Office	200
Man Coody	12/23/08		(2/23	\$ / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 /
Comments:	Date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Comments.				A



City of Fayetteville Engineering Division 113 West Mountain Fayetteville, AR 72701 ph: 479-575-8206

fax: 479-575-8200

Date: December 22, 2008

To: Dan Coody, Mayor

Thru: Gary Dumas, Director of Operations

From: Ron Petrie, City Engineer

Subject: Request for Mayor's approval to continue the joint funding agreement with the USGS for \$19,640 (City's share) for the operation and maintenance of three urban stream gauging stations in Fayetteville for the year 2009.

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends approval of the joint funding agreement for 2009.

BACKGROUND:

Since 1998, the City of Fayetteville has participated in a joint funding agreement with the USGS for three urban stream gauging stations. This agreement consists of a cost-share for maintenance and data collection for rainfall and runoff recording stations located at:

Mud Creek Tributary at Township (in Gulley Park)
Town Branch at State Highway 62
Town Branch at State Highway 16 (in Walker Park)

DISCUSSION:

The attached agreement is for the 2009 calendar year, and requires payment of \$19,640 by the City and \$7,705 by the USGS.

The USGS collects rainfall and runoff data at these three sites, and provides this information to the City. In addition to providing urban rainfall and streamflow data for future drainage studies, these gauges also provide valuable information for the EPA Phase 2 NPDES stormwater monitoring requirements.

BUDGET IMPACT:

Funding in the amount of \$19,640 is available in the Drainage/Phase 2 Stormwater Management Budget. This contract will be paid from those funds.

ATTACHMENTS:

Staff Review Form
Letter from USGS dated 12-11-2008
USGS Joint Funding Agreement



United States Department of the Interior

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Arkansas Water Science Center 401 Hardin Road Little Rock, Arkansas 72211 Telephone: (501) 228-3600

Fax: (501) 228-3601 DUNS: 949284129

December 11, 2008

Mr. Ron Petrie, City Engineer City of Fayetteville 125 West Mountain Fayetteville, Arkansas 72701 (479) 575-8206

Dear Mr. Petrie:

Enclosed is a Joint Funding Agreement (JFA) for operation and maintenance of 3 rainfall-runoff stations located at Town Branch at Business Route 62, Town Branch Tributary at Highway 16, and Mud Creek at Township Street in the City of Fayetteville for the 2009 calendar year. Please sign the original agreement and return it to us.

Work performed with funds from this agreement will be conducted on a fixed-price basis and billed annually. We acknowledge Mary Alice, (479) 575-8206, to be the administrative contact for this project. Our billing contact is Suzanne Abernathy (501) 228-3603.

The results of all work under this agreement will be available for publication by the U.S. Geological Survey.

We look forward to continuing to work with you in these hydrologic data-collection efforts. If you have any questions, please contact Jaysson Funkhouser at (501) 228-3663.

Sincerely,

John E. Terry

Director

Enclosures

JEF:rkc

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F. L. F.

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Form 9-1366 (Oct. 2005)

U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey **Joint Funding Agreement**

Customer #:

AR026

Agreement #:

09C4AR026AR0300

Page 1 of 2

Project #:

TIN #:

71-6018462

Fixed Cost Agreement

Yes No

FOR Water Resources Investigations

THIS AGREEMENT is entered into as of the 11th day of December, 2008, by the U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, party of the first part, and the CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, party of the second part.

- 1. The parties hereto agree that subject to availability of appropriations and in accordance with their respective authorities there shall be maintained in cooperation for operation and maintenance of 3 rainfall-runoff stations located at Town Branch at Busdiness Route 62, Town Branch Tributary at Highway 16, and Mud Creek at Township Street in the City of Fayetteville, herein called the program. The USGS legal authority is 43 USC 36C; 43 USC 50; and 43 USC 50b.
- 2. The following amounts shall be contributed to cover all of the cost of the necessary field and analytical work directly related to this program. 2(b) includes In-Kind Services in the amount of \$.

by the party of the first part during the period (a) \$7,705 January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009 by the party of the second part during the period \$19,640 (b) January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009

- (c) Additional or reduced amounts by each party during the above period or succeeding periods as may be determined by mutual agreement and set forth in an exchange of letters between the parties.
- (d) The performance period may be changed by mutual agreement and set forth in an exchange of letters between the parties.
- 3. The costs of this program may be paid by either party in conformity with the laws and regulations respectively governing each party.

4. The field and analytical work pertaining to this program shall be under the direction of or subject to periodic review by an authorized representative of the party of the first part.

- 5. The areas to be included in the program shall be determined by mutual agreement between the parties hereto or their authorized representatives. The methods employed in the field and office shall be those adopted by the party of the first part to insure the required standards of accuracy subject to modification by mutual agreement.
- 6. During the course of this program, all field and analytical work of either party pertaining to this program shall be open to the inspection of the other party, and if the work is not being carried on in a mutually satisfactory manner, either party may terminate this agreement upon 60 days written notice to the other party.
- 7. The original records resulting from this program will be deposited in the office of origin of those records. Upon request, copies of the original records will be provided to the office of the other party.

Form 9-1366 continued

U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey **Joint Funding Agreement**

Customer #:

AR026

Agreement #:

09C4AR026AR0300

Project #:

ΠN#:

71-6018462

- 8. The maps, records, or reports resulting from this program shall be made available to the public as promptly as possible. The maps, records, or reports normally will be published by the party of the first part. However, the party of the second part reserves the right to publish the results of this program and, if already published by the party of the first part shall, upon request, be furnished by the party of the first part, at costs, impressions suitable for purposes of reproduction similar to that for which the original copy was prepared. The maps, records, or reports published by either party shall contain a statement of the cooperative relations between the parties.
- 9. USGS will issue billings utilizing Department of the Interior Bill for Collection (form DI-1040). Billing documents are to be rendered annually. Payments of bills are due within 60 days after the billing date. If not paid by the due date, interest will be charged at the current Treasury rate for each 30 day period, or portion thereof, that the payment is delayed beyond the due date. (31 USC 3717; Comptroller General File B-212222, August 23, 1983).

U.S. Geological Survey **United States** Department of the Interior

CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE

USGS Point of Contact

USGS Arkansas Water Science Center Address:

401 Hardin Road

John E. Terry, Director

Little Rock, AR 72211

Telephone: (501) 228-3613 Email:

Name:

Title:

jeterry@usgs.gov

Customer Point of Contact

Dan Coody, Mayor Name: City of Fayetteville Address:

113 West Mountain

Fayetteville, AR 72701

Telephone: (479) 575-8330

Email: dcoody@ci.fayetteville.ar.us

Signatures Signatures By_ Date 12 Date By. Name: John E. Terry Dan Coody Name: Title: Director, USGS AR Water Science Title: Mayor, City of Fayette ville Center FAYETTEVII By_ Date By_ Name: Sondra Smith Name: Title: Title: City Clerk/Treasurer By_ Date By_ Date Name: Name:

Title:

Clarice Pearman - U.S. Geological Survey

From:

Clarice Pearman

To:

Petrie, Ron

Date:

12.31.08 3:20 PM

Subject:

U.S. Geological Survey

CC:

Audit

Attachments: Audit

Ron:

Attached is a copy of your staff review item regarding the above referenced company. I am forwarding to you the original signed agreement for the U.S. Department of the Interior. Please let me now if there is anything else needed for this item. Have a safe holiday. Happy New Year! Clarice