Legistar ID No.: 2019-0473

AGENDA REQUEST FORM

FOR: Council Meeting of August 6, 2019

FROM: City Council Member Teresa Turk

ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION TITLE AND SUBJECT:

A RESOLUTION TO REQUEST THAT THE NORTHWEST ARKANSAS NUTRIENT TRADING RESEARCH AND ADVISORY GROUP (NANTRAG) CONSIDER AMENDING THE PROPOSED REGULATION FOR NUTIENT TRADING TO MORE CLOSELY CONFORM TO THE ATTACHED PROPOSED REVISION

APPROVED FOR AGENDA:

City Council Member Teresa Turk

City Attorney Kit Williams

Approved as to form

Date

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RESOLUTION N	VO.
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A RESOLUTION TO REQUEST THAT THE NORTHWEST ARKANSAS NURTIENT TRADING RESEARCH AND ADVISORY GROUP (NANTRAG) CONSIDER AMENDING THE PROPOSED REGULATION FOR NUTIENT TRADING TO MORE CLOSELY CONFORM TO THE ATTACHED PROPOSED REVISION

WHEREAS, protecting drinking water in Arkansas should be the highest priority for our citizens; and

WHEREAS, tourism in Arkansas associated with outdoor activity including fishing, swimming, kayaking and canoeing is the second highest employer in the Arkansas and is increasing at 4-6% per year; and

WHEREAS, nutrient trading is a brand new statewide program that must improve and not degrade water quality and is untested in Arkansas; and

WHEREAS, the City of Fayetteville is one of the four Arkansas cities that is a member of NANTRAG and has paid for legal services to develop the proposed nutrient trading regulation; and

WHEREAS, the City Council agrees with the Arkansas Legislature that nutrient water quality trading can potentially achieve water quality goals with greater efficiency and cost savings; and

WHEREAS, experience in other states demonstrate that nutrient water quality trading programs, including the use of credits, off sets, and compliance associations, can result in quicker and more efficient achievement of water quality improvement goals; and

WHEREAS, nutrient water quality trading should be encouraged and facilitated by the development of stringent regulations and verifiable permit terms; and

WHEREAS, the Fayetteville City Council supports the nutrient trading concept, has reviewed the currently proposed nutrient trading regulation and has determined that some changes would be advisable to better protect our reservoirs, environment, endangered species and waterways.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, ARKANSAS:

<u>Section 1</u>: That the City Council of the City of Fayetteville, Arkansas hereby requests that NANTRAG consider amending portions of the proposed regulation for Nutrient Water Quality Trading as shown on the attached proposed revisions by Council Member Teresa Turk and approved by the Water, Sewer and Solid Waste Committee.

PASSED and APPROVED this 6 th day of August, 2019.	
APPROVED:	ATTEST:
By:	By: SONDRA E. SMITH, City Clerk/Treasurer

1 DRAFT ARKANSAS NUTRIENT WATER QUALITY 2 3 TRADING REGULATION 4 5 SECTION 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS. (A) This regulation shall be known and shall be cited as "The Arkansas Nutrient Water Quality 6 7 Trading Regulation". Scope and Purpose: This regulation is intended to improve and protect water quality 8 9 through the reduction of phosphorous and nitrogen, or to meet a TMDL requirement throughout the State of Arkansas. Demonstration and documentation of the improvement in 10 water quality is a key goal and metric of this regulation. Nutrient trading is to be restricted to 11 only trades being conducted from a non-point generator to NPDES permit holders. An NPDES 12 permit is required for the trading entity to participate under this regulation. 13 14 Definitions: (1) "Department" or "ADEQ" means the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 15 16 or its successor, unless otherwise specified. (2) "Director" means the Director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 17 18 or the Director's designee, unless otherwise specified. (3) "Watershed" means an area of land that drains into a water body area no larger than an 19 20 10 % digit USGS Hydrological Unit Code (HUC). 21 (4) "Baseline" means the most stringent of existing conditions or the water quality standards for the credit generating stream. The minimum baseline requirements shall 22 be non-tess than so, in-stream measurements in the number trade generating saviant

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1	section within the past calendar year of water quality parameters including but not
2	limited to: phosphorous, nitrate, dissolved oxygen, pH, temperature, and turbidity, prior
3	to approval of the project.
4	(5) "Nutrient credit" means a nutrient reduction that is expressed in pounds of phosphorous
5	or nitrogen.
6	This regulation is adopted under the authority of Act 335 of 2015, codified at Ark. Code
7	Ann. §§ 8-4-232 and 8-4-233.
8	Participation in any Nutrient Credit Generating Project under this Regulation shall be
9	purely voluntary.
10	Pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 8-4-232(E):
11	(1) the Department has the responsibility to develop a schedule of user fees by calculating
12	the reasonable costs to the Department of evaluating, implementing and enforcing the
13	nutrient water quality trading, credit, and offset program; and
14	(2) the Commission may establish a schedule of user fees to be collected by the Department
15	from persons or entities applying for approval of, generating, or utilizing credits and
16	offsets from the Nutrient Credit Generating Projects in order to comply with the
17	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit limits.
18	Nothing in this regulation shall be construed to limit or impinge any requirement of any
19	other State or Federal environmental law or regulation.
20	SECTION 2. AUTHORITY TO APPROVE NUTRIENT CREDIT GENERATING
31	PROJECTS FOR USE AS OFFSETS.
22	The Director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality shall have authority to approve
23	Nutrient Credit Generating Projects as sources of nutrient credits that may be used by National

1	Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, permit holders to offset their nutrient discharges when
2	determining compliance with water quality-based permit limits.
3	SECTION 3. APPLICATIONS FOR APPROVAL OF NUTRIENT CREDIT
4	GENERATING PROJECTS.
5	(A) Any person seeking approval of Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall submit an application
6	for approval to the Director. The application shall include:
7	(1) A description of the location, including the watershed and the 12-digit USGC HUC,
8	where the credit-generating project will be implemented;
9	(2) A description of the watershed, including but not limited to a geographic boundary and
10	the 12-digit USGS HUC, in which the credits are proposed for use as offsets;
11	(3) A list of the NPDES permitted point sources that may use the credits as offsets along
12	with a copy of each NPDES permit;
13	(4) The time period in which the credit-generating project may be used as an offset;
14	(5) Scientific and numeric Eevidence that the credit-generating project will result in a
15	reduction of nutrient discharges below the existing baseline requirements;
16	Applicant shall provide all information and documentation such as previous and
17	planned manure application, previous use and anticipated use, and any other
18	information on the stream section and adjacent application fields to be used to generate
19	credits.
20	Evidence and calculations used to derive the credit quantity and credit ratios
21	resulting from the crediting-generating project, including an explanation of the
22	methods used to address uncertainty factors:

1	A description of the methods by which the implementation, performance, and
2	operation and maintenance of the credit-generating project will be verified and
3	documented, and the identity of the person or entity responsible for documenting the
4	verification; and
5	A certification, signed by the applicant, attesting that the application is true and
6	accurate to the best of the applicant's knowledge and belief.
7	(B) it an application in allow perpoint source numbers eredit generating projects or activities, the
8	Proposed Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall be submitted to the Arkansas Natural
9	Resources Commission for review prior to submitting at the same time that the application is
10	submitted to the Director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality In such
11	cases, the application to the Director shall include a written statement from the Arkansas
12	Natural Resources Commission all send report confirming their review of the project and
13	reporting any comments or recommendations resulting from that review to the Director of the
14	Arkansas Departorea of Environmental Quality.
15	(C) Applications submitted to the Director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality
16	shall comply with the public notice procedures and requirements for an individual permit
17	under Regulation No. 8. Applications shall also be publicly noticed through electronic notice
18	and publication on the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality website.
19	information shall be stored prosed in the ADEQ database and available for public review on
20	the ADEQ website within three (3) days of ADEQ receiving any information.
21	(D) Prior to approval, the Director will send a copy of the application, her written findings, and
22	decision to EPA for review. After review of the application the Director may approve the
23	Nutrient Credit Generating Project as a source of nutrient credits that may be used as offsets

	1	(D) Prior to approval, the Director will send a copy of the application, her written findings, and
	2	decision to EPA for review. After review of the application the Director may approve the
330	3	Nutrient Credit Generating Project as a source of nutrient credits that may be used as offsets
	4	as requested, disapprove the Nutrient Credit Generating Project as a source of nutrient credits,
	5	or approve the Nutrient Credit Generating Project as a source of nutrient credits subject to
	6	specific conditions or limitations.
	7	(E) Unless expressly granted for a shorter or longer term, the approval of the Nutrient Credit
	8	Generating Project as a source of nutrient credits shall be limited to a term of five years from
	9	the date of the Director's decision, but may be renewed or extended upon application in
1	10	accordance with procedures in this section.
1	1	(F) Nutrient trades shall be prohibited if the watershed contains any of the following:
1	2	(1) A listed Endangered or Threatened Species;
1	3	(2) Designated Critical Habitat;
1	4	(3) The stream and/or tributary is designated as an Extraordinary Water Resource (ERW),
1	5	Ecologically Sensitive Waterbody (ESW), or Natural and Scenic Waterways;
1	6	(4) The stream or tributary lie inside a designated nutrient surplus area; or
1′	7	(2)(5) In karst geological areas due to the potential for cross basin (between watersheds)
18	3	and rapid transport of nutrients to sensitive environments.
19)	(3)(6) Is absent of a numeric nutrient water quality criterion for phosphorous and nitrogen.
20)	(E)(G) In deciding whether to approve an application for approval of a Nutrient Credit Generating
21		Project, the Director shall consider, among all other relevant factors:
22		(1) The scientific and numeric evidence provided in the application to support the factors
23		identified in Section 3(A);

1	as requested, disapprove the Nutrient Credit Generating Project as a source of nutrient credits,
2	or approve the Nutrient Credit Generating Project as a source of nutrient credits subject to
3	specific conditions or limitations.
4	(E) Unless expressly granted for a shorter or longer term, the approval of the Nutrient Credit
5	Generating Project as a source of nutrient credits shall be limited to a term of five years from
6	the date of the Director's decision, but may be renewed or extended upon application in
7	accordance with procedures in this section.
8	(F) Nutrient trades shall be prohibited if the watershed contains any of the following: OR THREATENED
9	(1) A listed Endangered Species:
10	(2) The stream and/or tributary is designated as an Extraordinary Water Resource (ERW),
11	Ecologically Sensitive Waterbody (ESW), or Natural and Scenic Waterways;
12	(3) The stream or tributary lie inside a designated nutrient surplus area; or
13	In karst geological areas due to the potential for cross basin (watershed) and rapid
14	transport of nutrients to sensitive environments.
15	(5) CRITICAL HABITAT In deciding whether to approve an application for approval of a Nutrient Credit Generating
16	Project, the Director shall consider, among all other relevant factors:
17	(1) The scientific and numeric evidence provided in the application to support the factors
18	identified in Section 3(A);
19	(2) The calculation used to derive the credit quantity and credit ratios resulting from the
20	credit-generating project, including an explanation of methods and supporting
21	scientific literature used to address uncertainty factors;

1	(3) The methods for verifying and providing access to data and information when
2	requested by ADEQ or any citizen of Arkansas the reliability of the implementation,
3	performance, and operation and maintenance of the credit-generating project; and
4	(4) The experience and capacity of the persons who will be responsible for implementing
5	and verifying the credit-generating project.
6	The Director's decision approving or denying a Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall
7	include written findings regarding the factors identified in Section 3(A) and specify the
8	conditions and limitations that will apply to any use of the nutrient credits generated. At a
9	minimum, the conditions applicable to an Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall specify:
10	(1) The watershed in which the credits generated by the Nutrient Credit Generating
11	Project may be used as an offset;
12	(2) The time period in which the credits generated by the Nutrient Credit Generating
13	Project may be used as an offset;
14	(3) The method by which implementation, performance, and operation and maintenance
15	of the credit-generating project will be verified, and the identity of the person or entity
16	responsible for documenting the verification; and
17	(4) For projects generating credits by non-point source activity, a minimum credit ratio of
18	4.54:1 (projected nutrient reductions or savings to nutrient credits for the project) shall
19	be applied when calculating the credit quantity.
20	Prior to taking final action on a request for approval of a Nutrient Credit Generating Project.
21	the Director shall cause public notice to be published within the watershed where the credit
22	will be generated and utilized in a newspaper of general circulation and on the Arkansas
22	Department of Environmental Quality's website and current ADEQ water email list. The

public shall be allowed a period of not less than thirty (30) calendar days in which to submit written comments. The decision to grant or deny approval of a Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall include a written response to all issues raised in comments submitted during the public comment period. A copy of the final decision granting or denying certification of a Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall be sent to the applicant and each person who submitted written comments within the public comment period. The Director's decision to grant or deny approval of a Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall be subject to the same review and appeal provisions as a final permitting decision under Regulation No. 8. No Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall be approved by the Director unless the project, activity, or discharge reduction involved in the project will reduce the nutrient load below the applicable baseline requirements be protective of Arkansas's waterways, fish, other aquatic species, and improve overall water quality by a numeric reduction in nutrients within the nutrient generating watershed. (1) For projects generating credits by point source pollution reduction, the baseline requirements shall be the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System waterquality based permit limits for the point source average monthly water quality parameters for the past twelve (12) months for the point source in question or the wasteload allocation in any applicable Total Maximum Daily Load, whichever is more stringent. (2) For projects generating credits by non-point source activity, the baseline requirements shall be no less than six in-stream measurements of water quality parameters in the

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nutrient trade generating stream section in the last calendar year including but not

limited to: phosphorous, nitrate, dissolved oxygen, pH, temperature, and turbidity, prior

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to approval of the project. Water quality measurements will be required to be conducted quarterly at a minimum and the samples analyzed by an approved state of AR certified water quality lab. Water quality samples will be collected by a 3rd party. The non-point source permittee will allow access and will cooperate with all data collection activities and personnel. For projects generating credits by non-point source activity, the baseline requirements shall be the regulatory requirements applicable to the location where the project will generate the credits. (3) If the baseline requirements applicable to a Nutrient Credit Generating Project change after the date the Project is approved, the amount of offset allowed from credits generated by the Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall be reduced to conform to the baseline requirements applicable at the time the nutrient credit is used. The procedure for adjusting the amount or duration of credits allowed from an approved Nutrient Credit Generating Project shall be the same as that used for reopening and modifying National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permits. The fact that a non-point source project or a point source pollution reduction may be supported in part or entirely by government grants or other third-party financial funding shall not prevent the project, activity, or pollution reduction from being eligible for approval as a Nutrient Credit Generating Project, where such use is allowed by the granting agency or thirdparty entity. All inspections necessary to determine compliance with non-point source Nutrient Credit Generating Projects that cannot otherwise be verified through the procedures outlined in the approved Nutrient Credit Generating Project application will be performed by the Arkansas

Natural Resources Commission Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality. Nothing in

1	this section shall interfere with the Department's authority to conduct compliance and
2	complaint inspections as authorized by statute or regulation.
3	SECTION 4. RESPONSIBILITY FOR PERMIT COMPLIANCE.
4	(A) Credits generated by an approved Nutrient Credit Generating Project may be used as offsets
5	only when expressly authorized by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
6	permit in question, or a modification of the permit. In addition to all other permit application
7	or permit modification requirements, the application must include:
8	(1) Scientific and numeric Eevidence that the nutrient credits used under the permit
9	modification are approved for use in the watershed into which the National
10	Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permittee discharges;
11	(2) Scientific and numeric Eevidence that use of the nutrient credits as an offset-will
12	not result in an unacceptable localized adverse effect on water quality will
13	demonstrate water quality improvement in localized areas;
14	(3) Scientific and numeric Eevidence that use of the nutrient credits as an offset will
15	not result in a net increase in pollutant loading in the relevant-watershed will
16	demonstrate water quality improvement and a decrease in the net pollutant loading
17	in the relevant watershed; and
18	(4) Scientific and numeric Eevidence that use of the nutrient credits as an offset will
19	not have a significant adverse impact upon will demonstrate significant water
20	quality improvement within a reservoir that is a drinking water supply source for
21	an existing public water supply system as designated by the Arkansas Department
22	of Health.

(B) A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permittee that discharges into a watershed 1 identified on Appendix A as an existing drinking water reservoir watershed designated in the 2 Arkansas Department of Health GIS Database shall not be allowed to use credits that have 3 been generated outside of the watershed of the reservoir as offsets against its permit limits for 4 5 nutrients. (C) A permittee-Anyone authorized to conduct nutrient trading in Arkansas relying on nutrient 6 credits to demonstrate compliance with its National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System. 7 permit limits retains full responsibility for achieving and maintaining permit compliance. If a 8 Nutrient Credit Generating Project fails to meet the terms and conditions of its approval as a 9 source of nutrient credits, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit holders 10 may not rely on credits generated by the project regardless of the fact that failure of the project 11 may have been attributable to circumstances beyond the reasonable control of the permit 12 13 holder. SECTION 5: NO USE OF CREDITS OUTSIDE WATERSHED 14 Nutrient credits generated by an approved Nutrient Credit Generating Project may be utilized 15 as offsets only in the watershed in which the credits are generated. Nutrient credits generated 16 by an approved Nutrient Credit Generating Project may be utilized as offsets only in a 17 watershed defined by an 10 8-digit HUC in which the credits are generated. 18 SECTION 6: EFFECTIVE DATE. 19 This regulation is effective ten (10) days after filing with the Secretary of State, the State 20 Library and the Bureau of Legislative Research. 21



DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE



Kit Williams City Attorney Blake Pennington Assistant City Attorney

> Jodi Batker Paralegal

TO: Mayor Jordan City Council

CC: Don Marr, Chief of Staff

Tim Nyander, Utilities Director

FROM: Kit Williams, City Attorney

DATE: August 1, 2019

RE: Proposed changes to NANTRAG's proposed Arkansas Nutrient Water Quality Trading Regulation

I am not a scientist nor expert on nutrient water quality trading issues. However, I ask that you carefully review the proposed changes to the regulation to be submitted by NANTRAG (a group of Northwest Arkansas cities including Fayetteville which has been working on difficulties surrounding nutrient issues for our wastewater treatment plants and possible solutions for many years). Please remember our taxpayers need to keep our wastewater plants operating efficiently at reasonable cost. We also all need to be as protective as reasonably possible of our region's most valuable and vital asset, Beaver Lake.

My understanding is that major sources of undue nutrient (phosphorus and nitrogen) loading of the watershed for Beaver Lake come from overly fertilized urban and rural land. Our wastewater plants do an excellent job of removing these nutrients from our wastewater and even more stringent requirements on our wastewater plants would be extremely expensive. Thus, our money would probably be better spent encouraging land owners to use better water quality protection measures.

All regulations should be designed to accomplish as much as reasonably possible of the desired goal while not becoming so cumbersome or expensive that the proposed program will not be used. That is certainly the case here as the legislature has ensured that nutrient trading shall be "a matter of voluntary choice on the part of each participant in the nutrient water quality trading program or arrangement." A.C.A. §8-4-322(d)